



Decay Widths of $X(1835)$ as $\bar{N}N$ Bound State

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- Interpretations of $X(1835)$
- Two-Body Decays of $X(1835)$ as $\bar{N}N$ Bound State
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Interpretations of $X(1835)$

BES Collaboration (PRL91:022001):

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X, X \rightarrow \bar{p}p$$

Decay Modes	$J^{PC}(X)$	l between γ and X
$\gamma X(^1S_0)$	0^{-+}	1
$\gamma X(^3P_0)$	0^{++}	0
$\gamma X(^3P_1)$	1^{++}	0

Interpretations of $X(1835)$

BES Collaboration (PRL95:262001):

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma X, X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta'$$



- $I^G(X) = 0^+$
- $I^G(J^{PC}(X)) = 0^+(0^{-+})$, (π^+ , π^- and η produced in relative S wave)
- X likely $^{11}S_0$

Interpretations of $X(1835)$

- $\bar{N}N$ bound state: arXiv:1006.2000, PRC80:045207, JPG36:055004, JPG34:505, CTP46:291
- Baryonium with sizable gluon content: EPJA28:351
- η' second radial excitation: PRD73:014023
- Glueball: PRD74:034019, EPJC49:731
- η_c - glueball: PRD72:097502, PLB633:283

Two-Body Decays of $X(1835)$ as $\bar{N}N$ Bound State

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_{X \rightarrow M_1 M_2} &= \langle M_1 M_2 | V(^3P_0) | \bar{N}N \rangle \langle \bar{N}N | X \rangle \\
 &= \int \frac{d\vec{p}}{(2\pi)^{3/2}} \Phi_X(\vec{p}) T_{\bar{N}N \rightarrow M_1 M_2}(\vec{p}, \vec{k}) \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \frac{dp^3}{(2\pi)^3} |\Phi_X(\vec{p})|^2 = 1 \quad (2)$$

At zero momentum approximation

$$T_{X \rightarrow M_1 M_2} = \Psi_X(0) T_{\bar{N}N \rightarrow M_1 M_2}(0, \vec{k}) \quad (3)$$

$\Psi_X(0)$: r-space wave function at origin.

Two-Body Decays of $X(1835)$ as $\bar{N}N$ Bound State

Partial decay widths normalized to $\omega\omega$ channel for a $^{11}S_0$ $X(1835)$ in 3P_0 model, with baryon size parameter being 2.0 GeV^{-1} and meson size parameter being 2.5 GeV^{-1}

- $\rho\rho$: 3.1
- $a_0(890)\pi$: 5.5×10^{-2}
- $\eta f_0(600)$: 1.3×10^{-2}
- $\eta f_0(980)$: 2.1×10^{-4}
- $\eta' f_0(600)$: 4.8×10^{-3}

η and η' Mixing

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\eta'\rangle &= \cos\theta_g (\sin\theta_q |\eta_n\rangle + \cos\theta_q |\eta_s\rangle) + \sin\theta_g |\eta_g\rangle \\
 |\eta\rangle &= \cos\theta_q |\eta_n\rangle - \sin\theta_q |\eta_s\rangle
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{4}$$

in the base

$$\begin{aligned}
 |\eta_n\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|u\bar{u}\rangle + |d\bar{d}\rangle), \\
 |\eta_s\rangle &= |s\bar{s}\rangle, \\
 |\eta_g\rangle &= |\text{gluonium}\rangle
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{5}$$

with $\theta_q = (40.4 \pm 0.6)^\circ$ and $\sin^2\theta_g = 0.12 \pm 0.04$ (JHEP0907:105).

$X(1835) \rightarrow \eta\pi\pi$ and $\eta'\pi\pi$

$$\frac{T(X \rightarrow a_0(890)\pi)}{T(X \rightarrow \eta f_0(600)\pi)} = -\sqrt{3} \quad (6)$$



Remark

The work has not been completed



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