

# Reaction dynamics for photoproductions of baryon resonances

Atsushi Hosaka  
RCNP, Osaka Univ.

April 19-22, 2009  
NSTAR2009,@IHEP, Beijing

# 1. Introduction

Exotic structure of baryon resonances  
 $qq$  and/or  $q\bar{q}$  correlations

# 2. Production reactions

We define the **standard** mechanism

$\Lambda_{\text{gs}}\text{K}$ ,  $\Lambda(1405)$ ,  $\Lambda(1520)$ ,  $\phi$

*Various cross sections with use of spin*

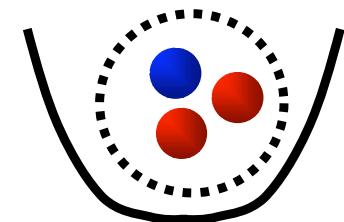
# 3. Chiral symmetry of baryons

$N(940)$  and  $N^*(1535)$

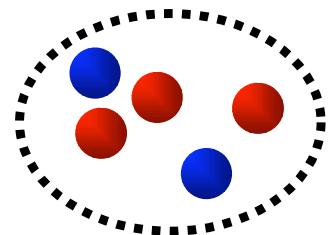
# 1. Introduction

## Exotic structure of baryon resonances

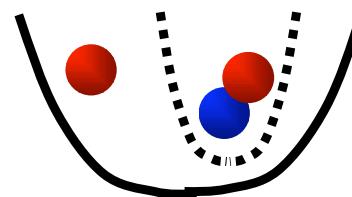
- Quark model (*standard* picture)  
 $q\bar{q}$  and  $qqq$  of **single particle motion**



- Exotics are not the *standard*

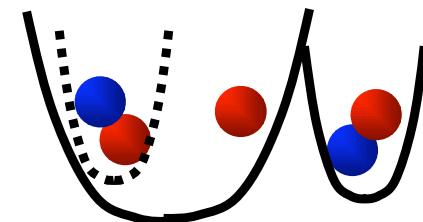


Multiquarks



Correlated  $qq$

*Diquark*



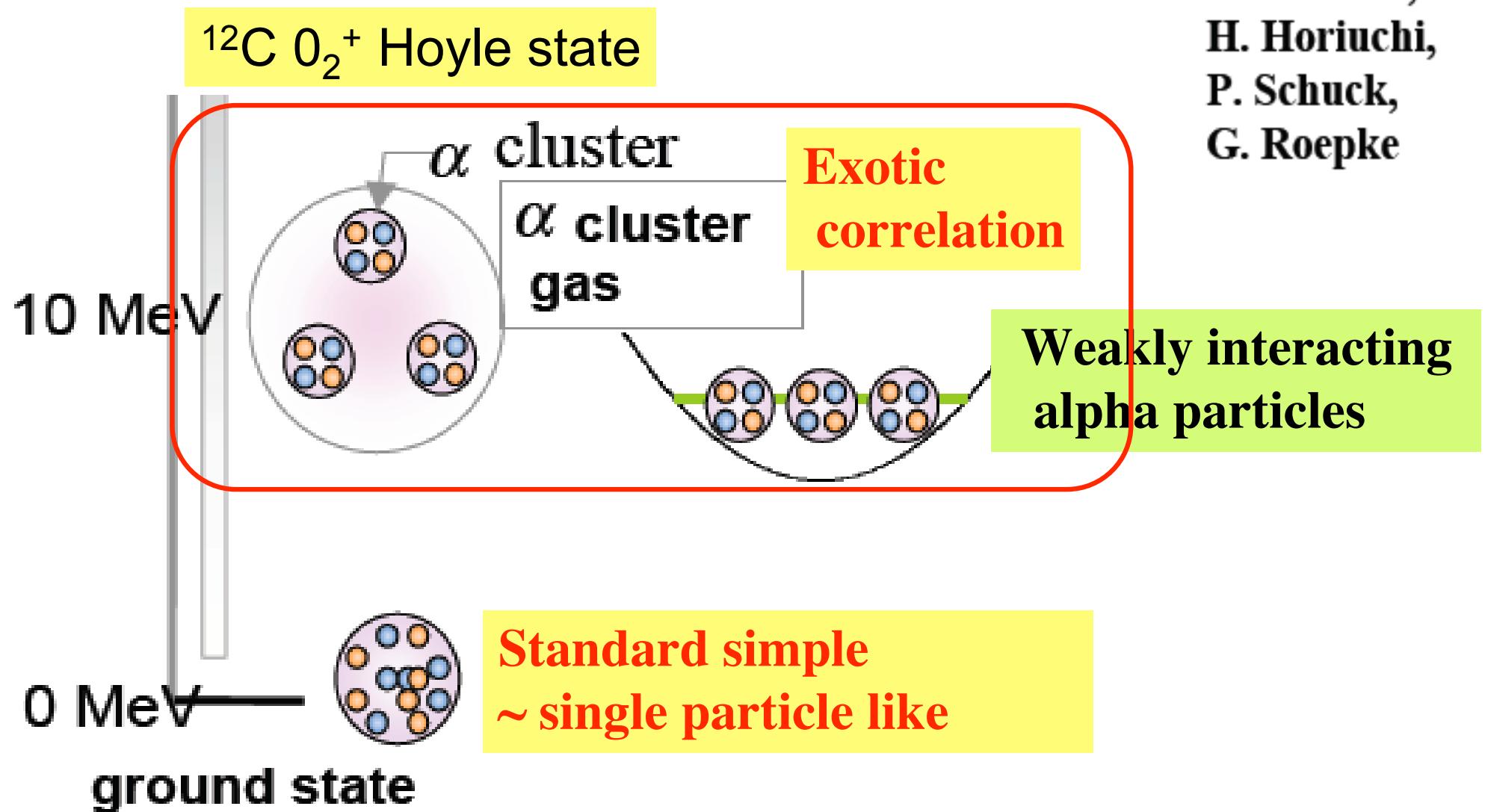
Correlated  $q\bar{q}$

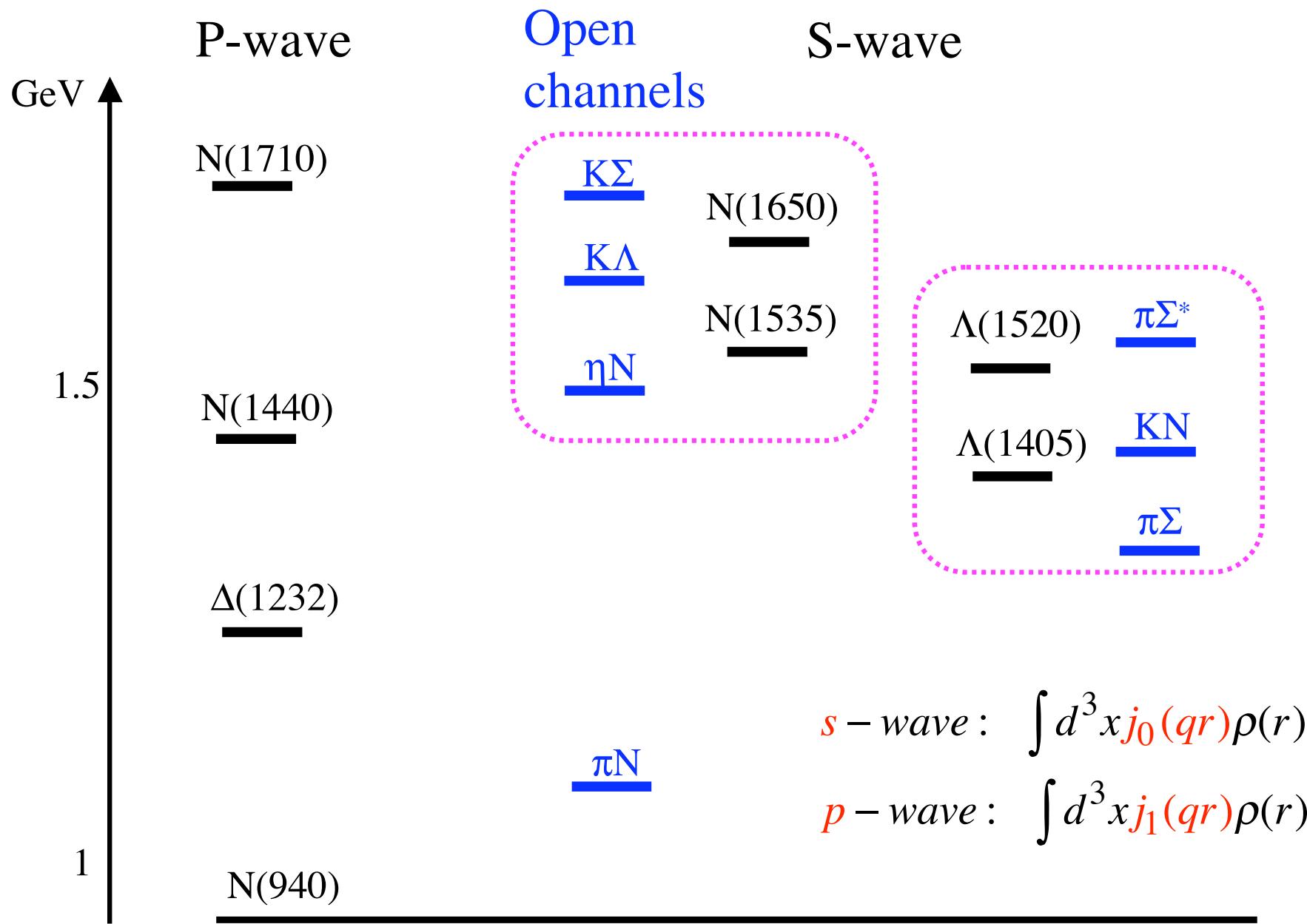
*Meson*

These *correlations* can be both *virtual* and (almost) *real*

# Example in Nuclear Physics

Y. Funaki,  
A. Tohsaki,  
H. Horiuchi,  
P. Schuck,  
G. Roepke





# 2. Production reactions

(1)  $K\Lambda_{\text{gs}}$

Beam asymmetry, Meson cloud

(2)  $K\Lambda(1405)$

Energy dependence

Beam asymmetry

(3)  $K\Lambda(1520)$

Energy dependence, Angular ( $\theta$ ) dependence

Beam asymmetry, Decay asymmetry

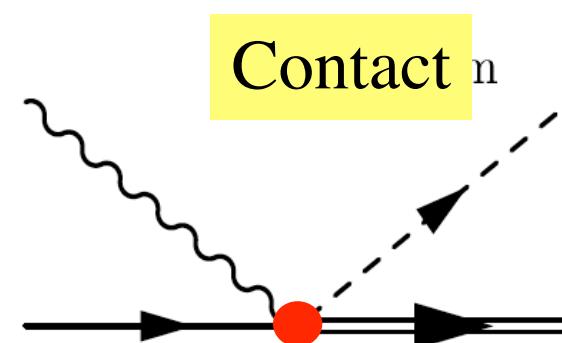
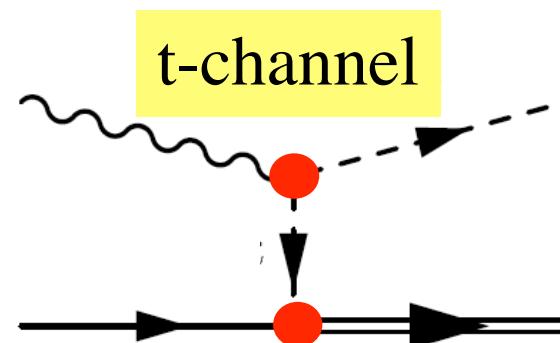
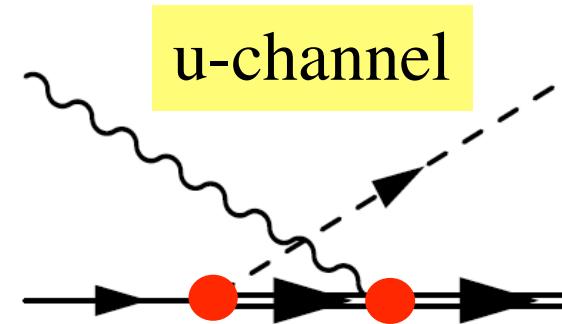
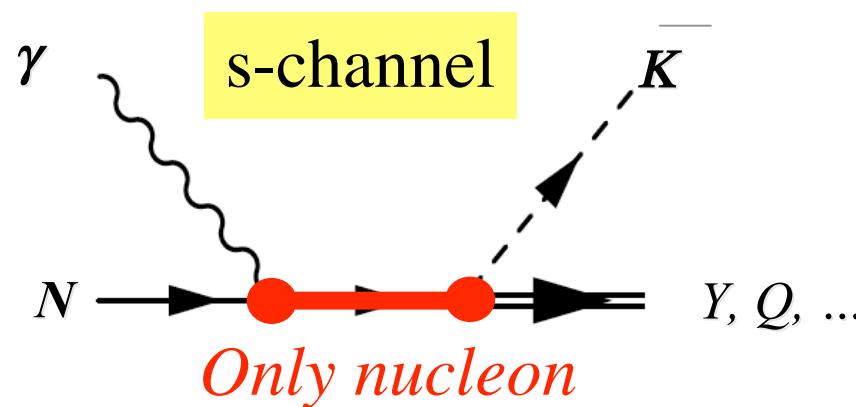
(4)  $\phi$ -production

Pomeron, exotics, resonances??

# Effective Lagrangian method

## - Photoproductions -

*Minimal diagrams*

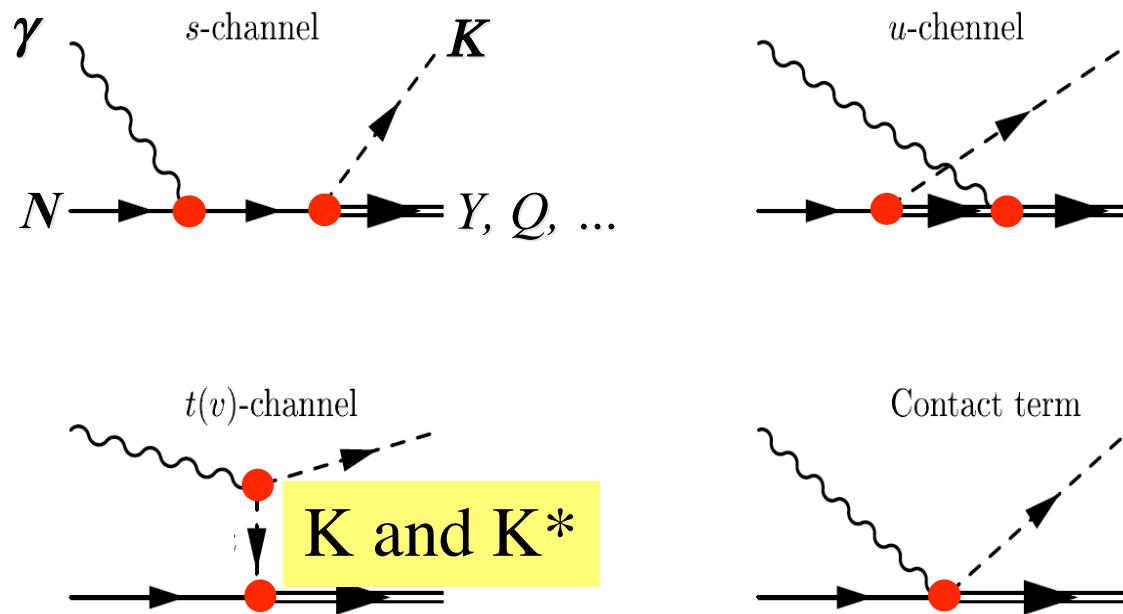


# (1) Meson Clouds for K-production

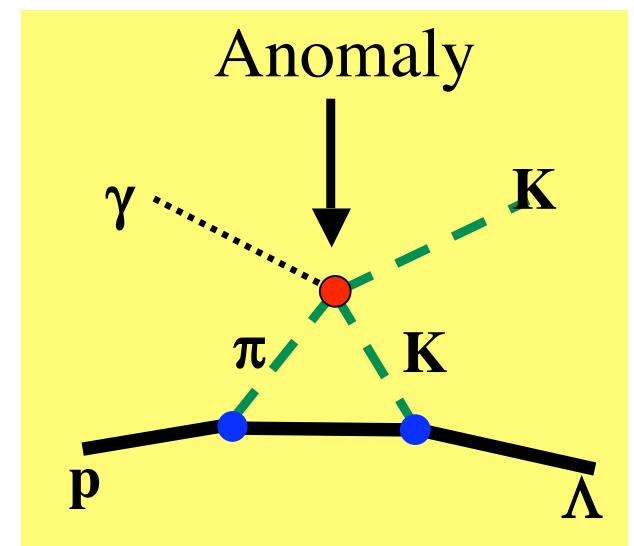
virtual  $q\bar{q}$

Ozaki-Nagahiro-Hosaka  
Phys.Lett.B665:178-181,2008.

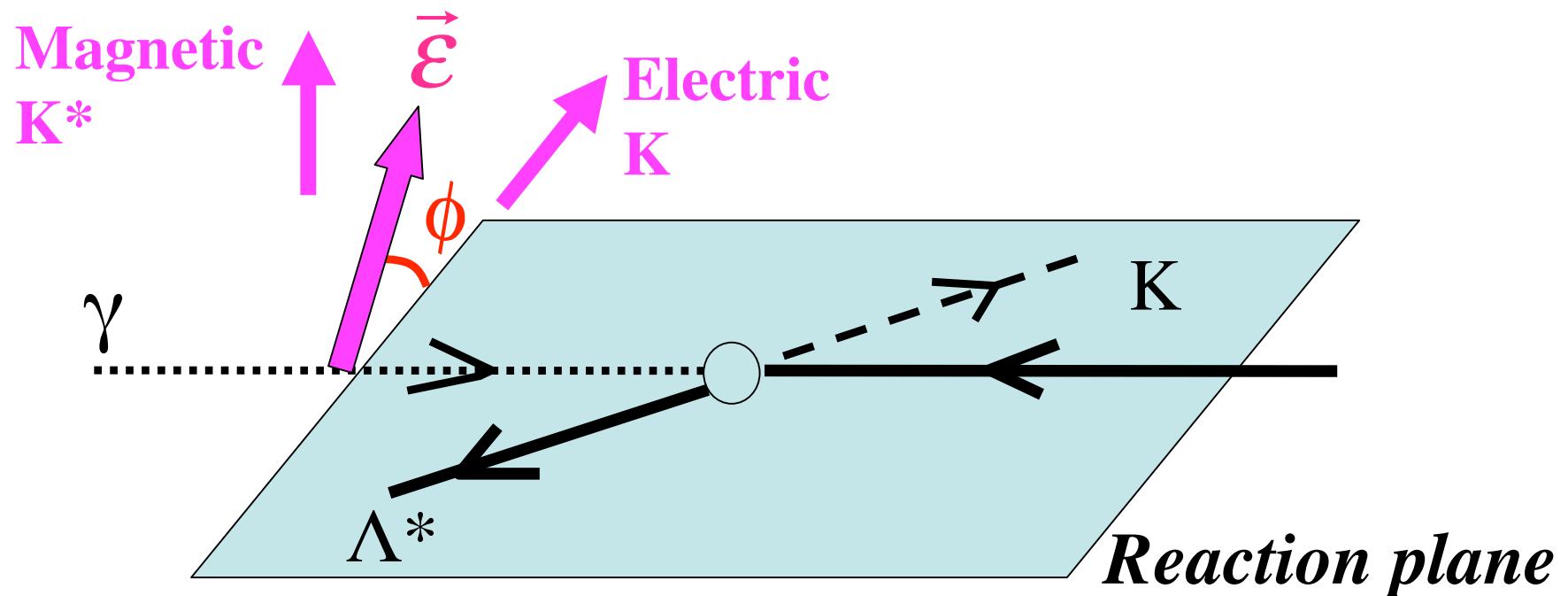
## Standard processes



+



# Beam asymmetry



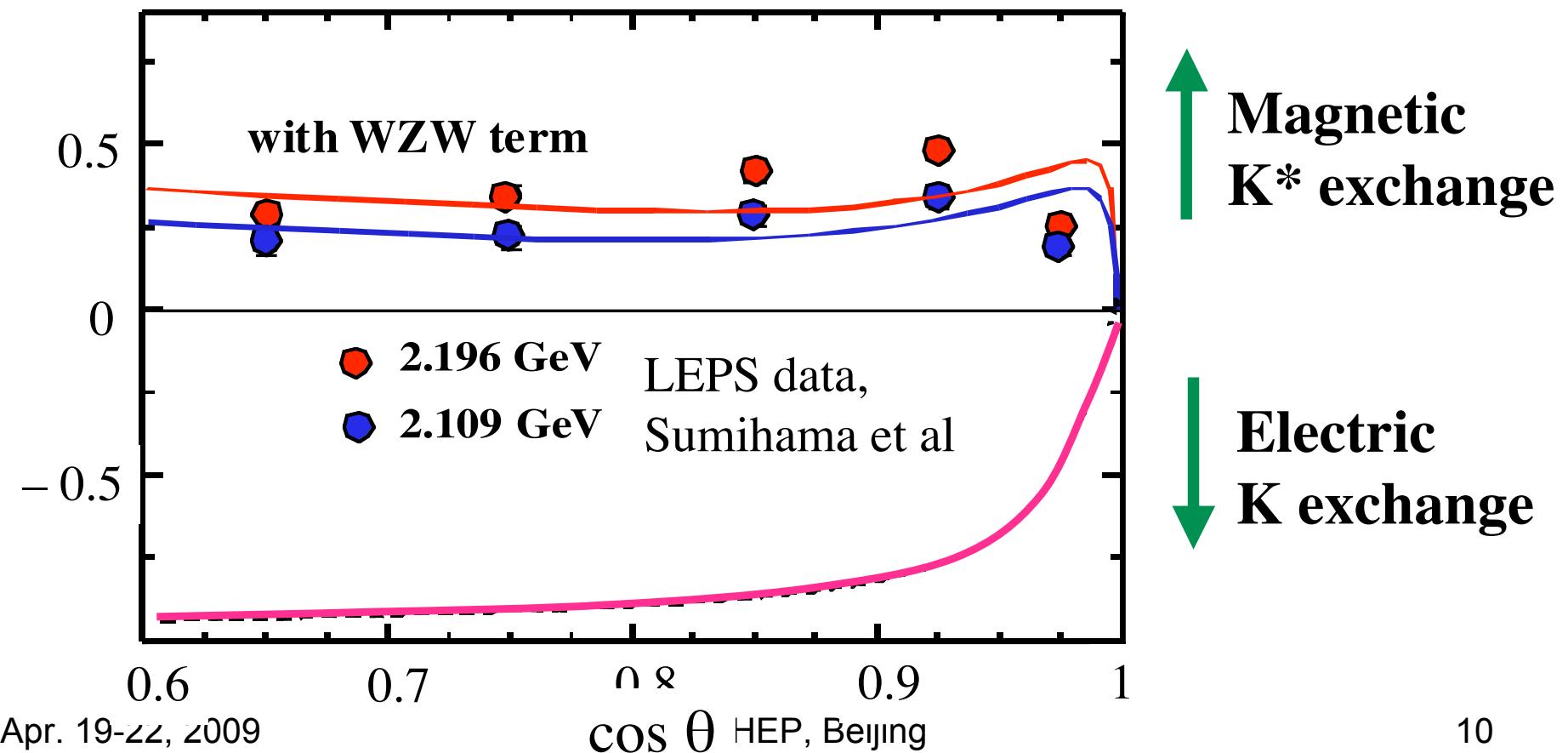
$$\sigma(\phi) \Rightarrow \Sigma = \frac{\sigma(90^\circ) - \sigma(0^\circ)}{\sigma(90^\circ) + \sigma(0^\circ)}$$

# Beam asymmetry

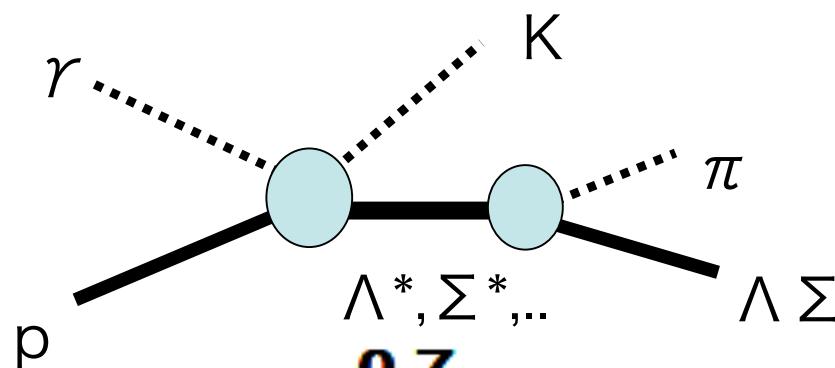
$\gamma p \rightarrow K^-\Lambda$

LEPS data  
Sumihama et al.  
PRC73,035214 (2006)

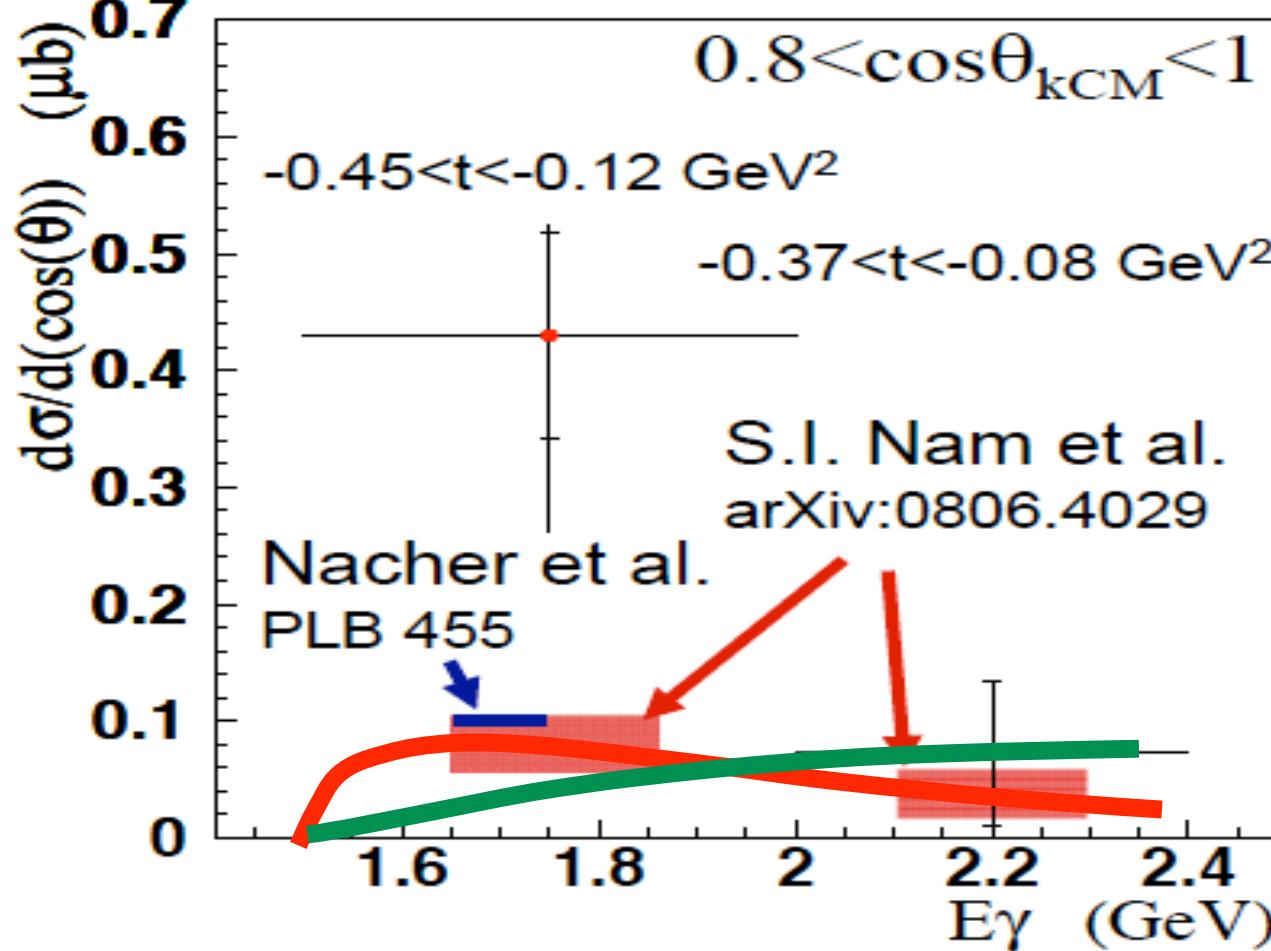
Also talk by  
Schumacher  
Jlab data



# (2) $\Lambda(1405) \sim \Lambda^*$



Niiyama et al, Phys.Rev.C78:  
035202,2008

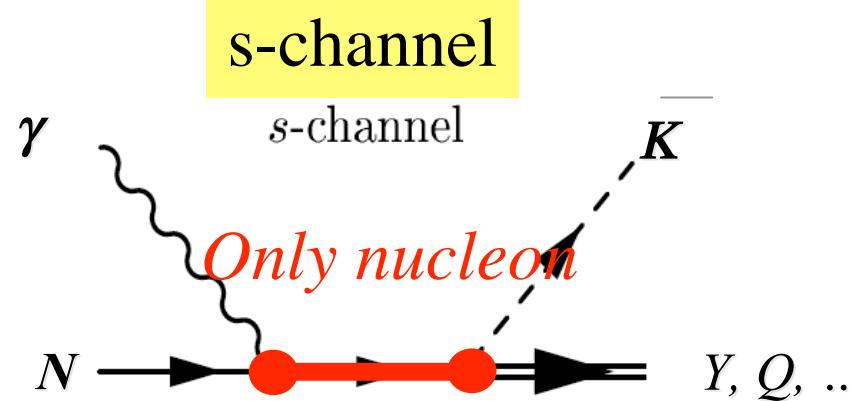


# (3) $\Lambda(1520)$

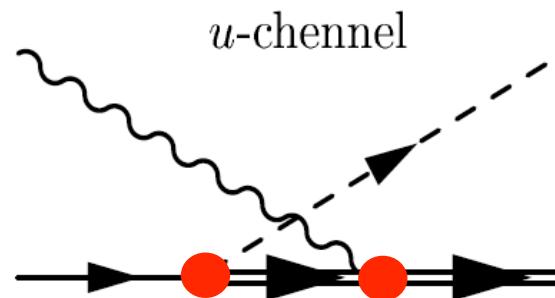
$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1520)$  and  $\gamma n \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda(1520)$

Nam, Hosaka, Kim, PRD71, 114012 (2005)

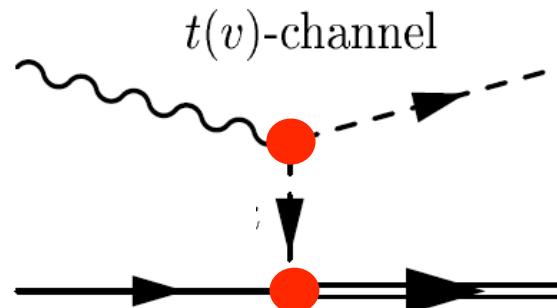
## *Minimal diagrams*



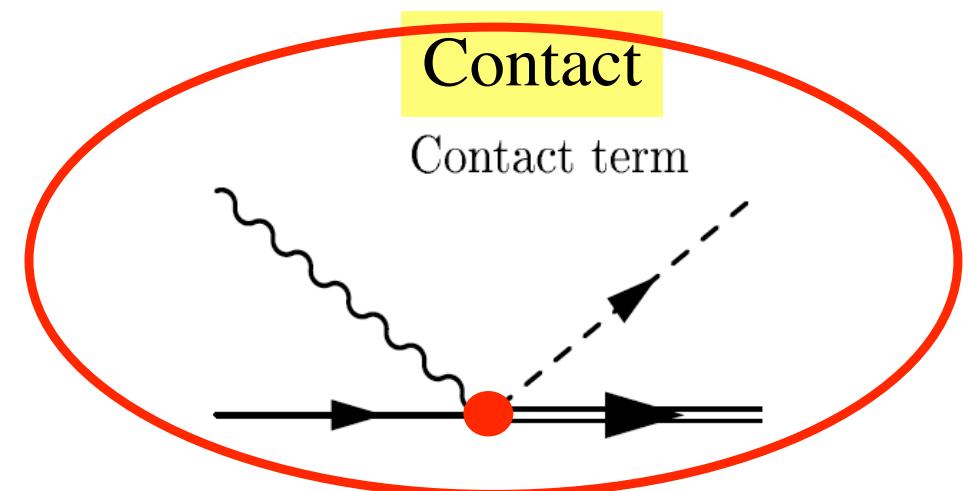
u-channel



t-channel

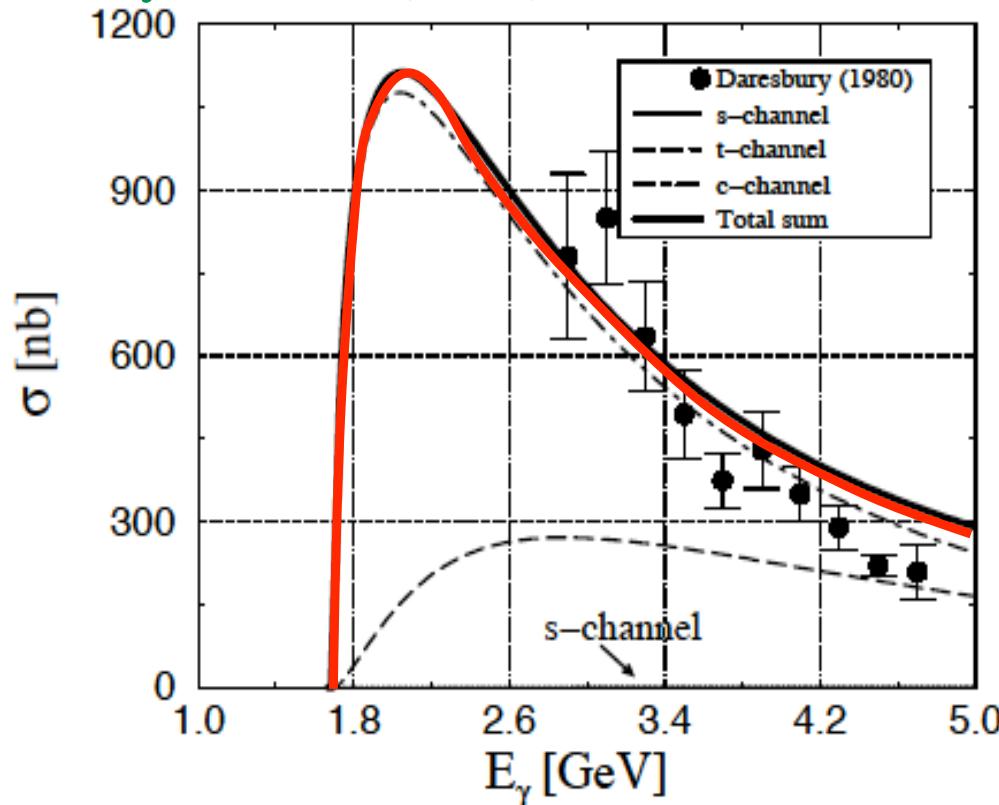


Contact

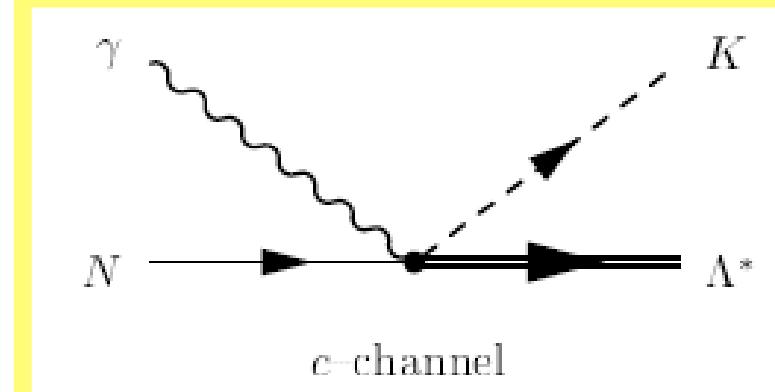


# Total $\sigma$

Data: D.P. Baber et al,  
Z. Phys. C7, 17 (1980)



Contact term dominant



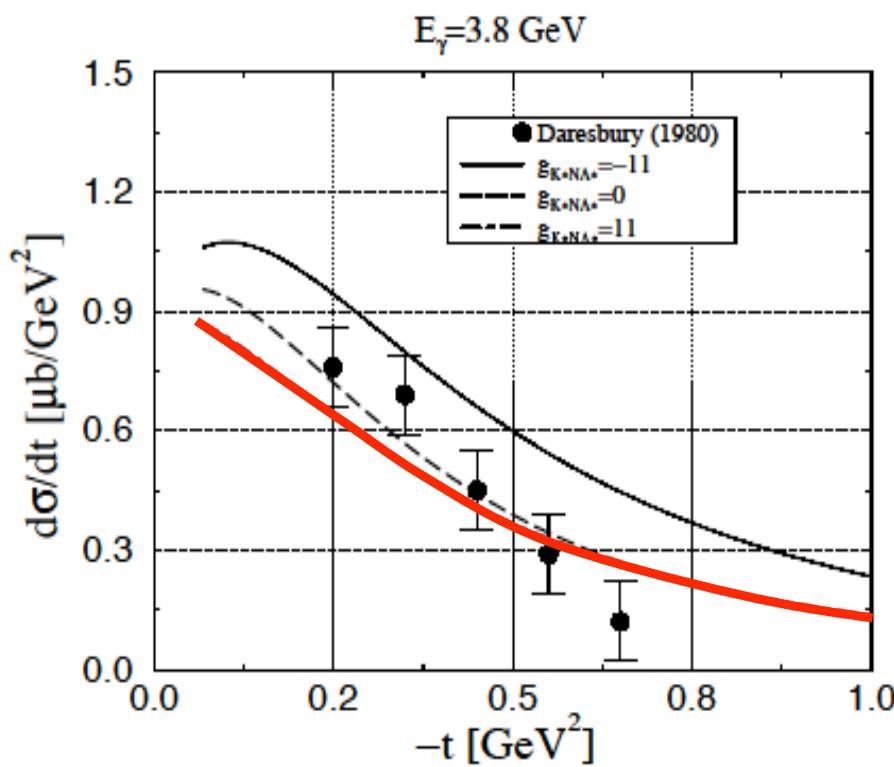
$$\sigma(p) \gg \sigma(n)$$

Consistent with the new data by  
Muramatsu et al  
0904.2034[nucl-ex]

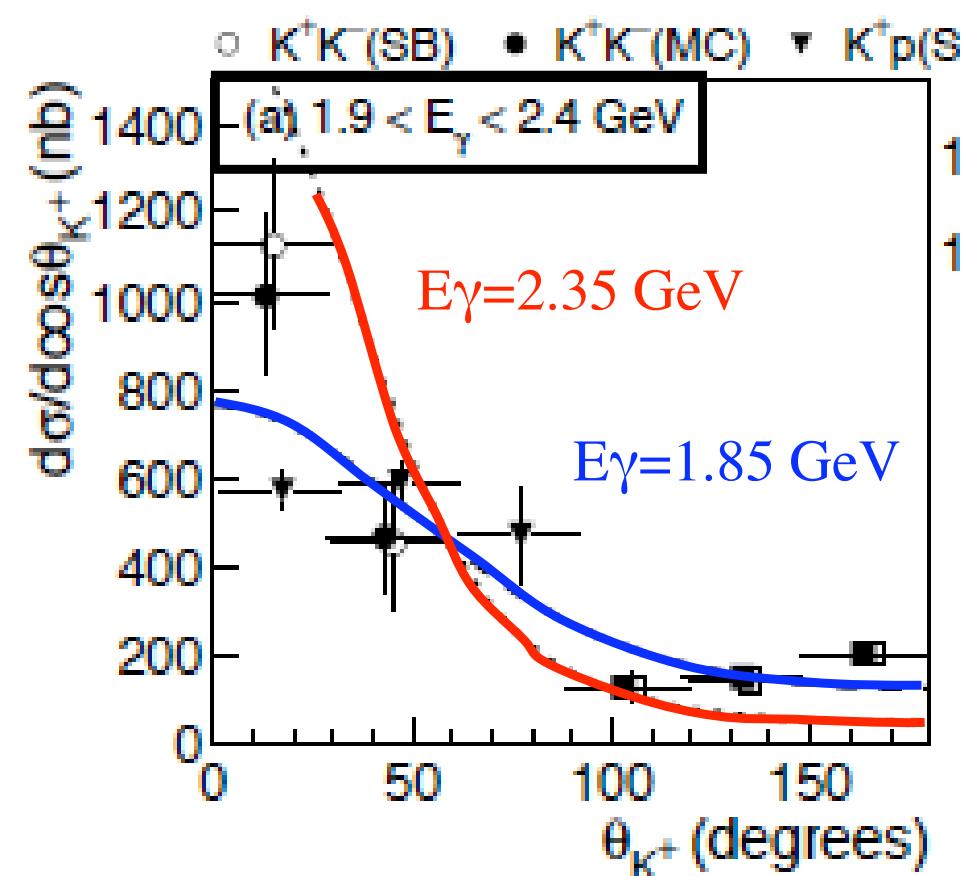
# $t/\theta$ dependence

## Forward peak

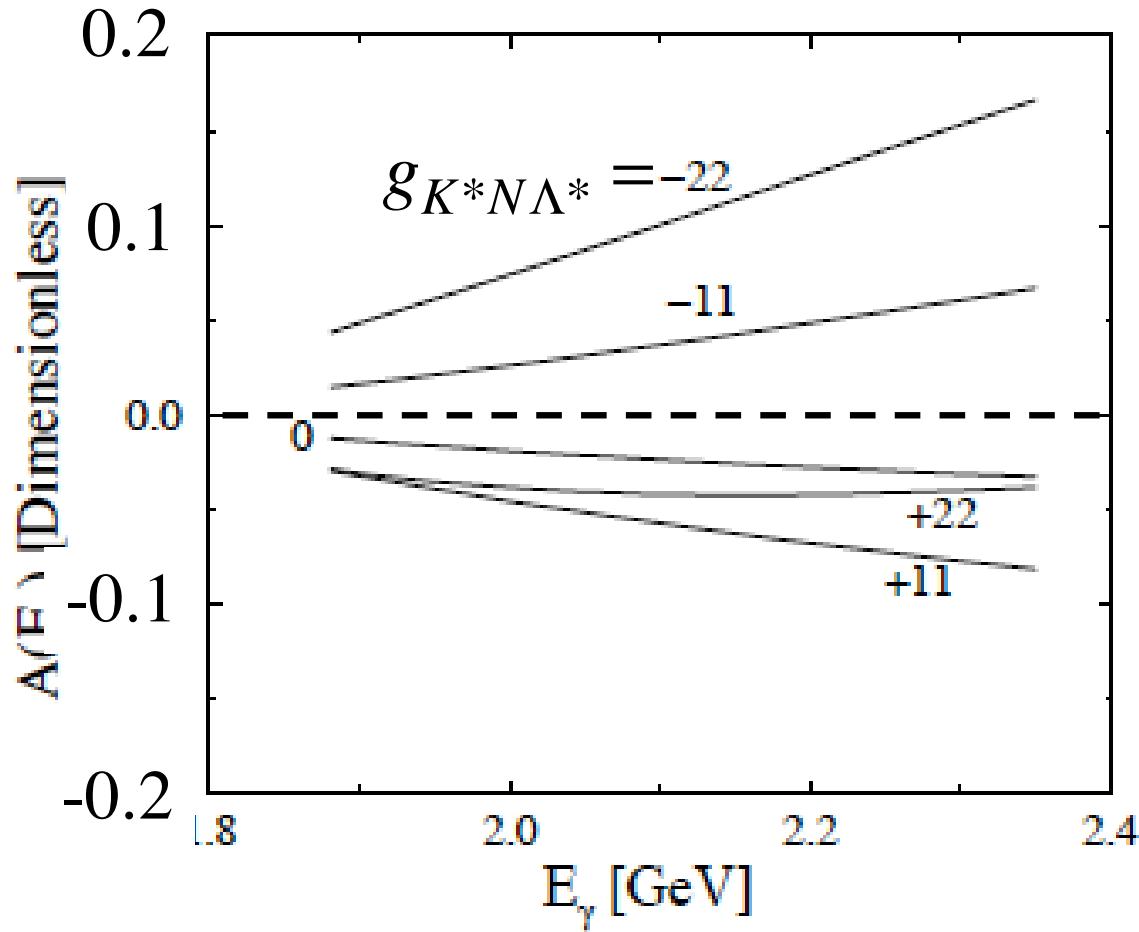
Data: D.P. Baber et al,  
Z. Phys. C7, 17 (1980)



Muramatsu et al  
0904.2034[nucl-ex]



# Beam asymmetry



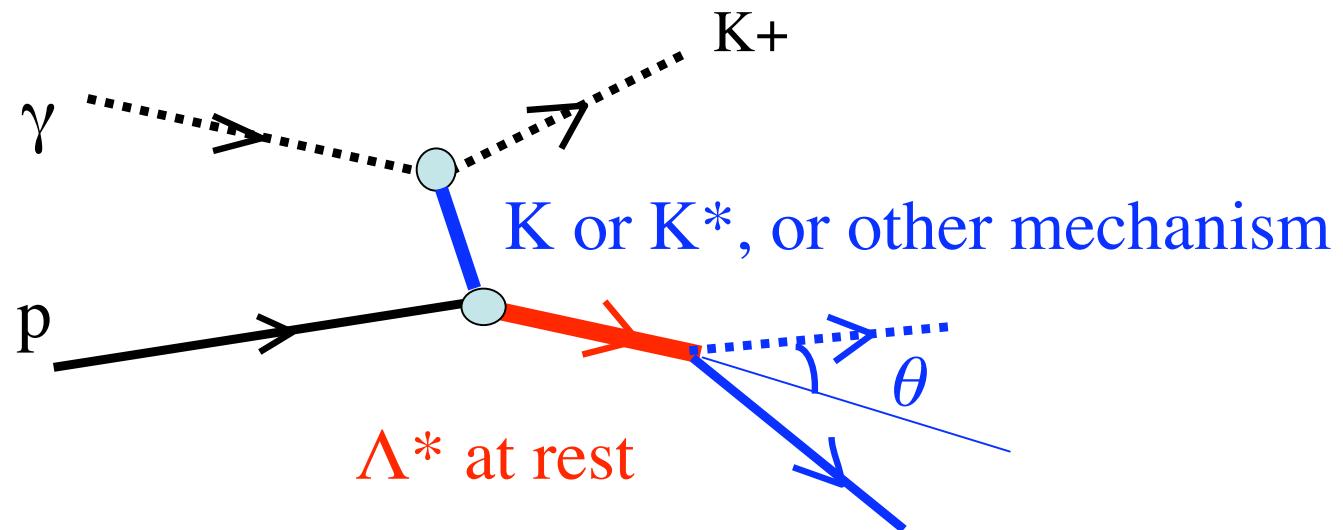
Quark model  
 $g_{K^*N\Lambda^*} \sim 10$

Chiral unitary  
 $g_{K^*N\Lambda^*} \sim 1.5$

$-0.01 \pm 0.07$

Muramatsu et al

# Decay asymmetry



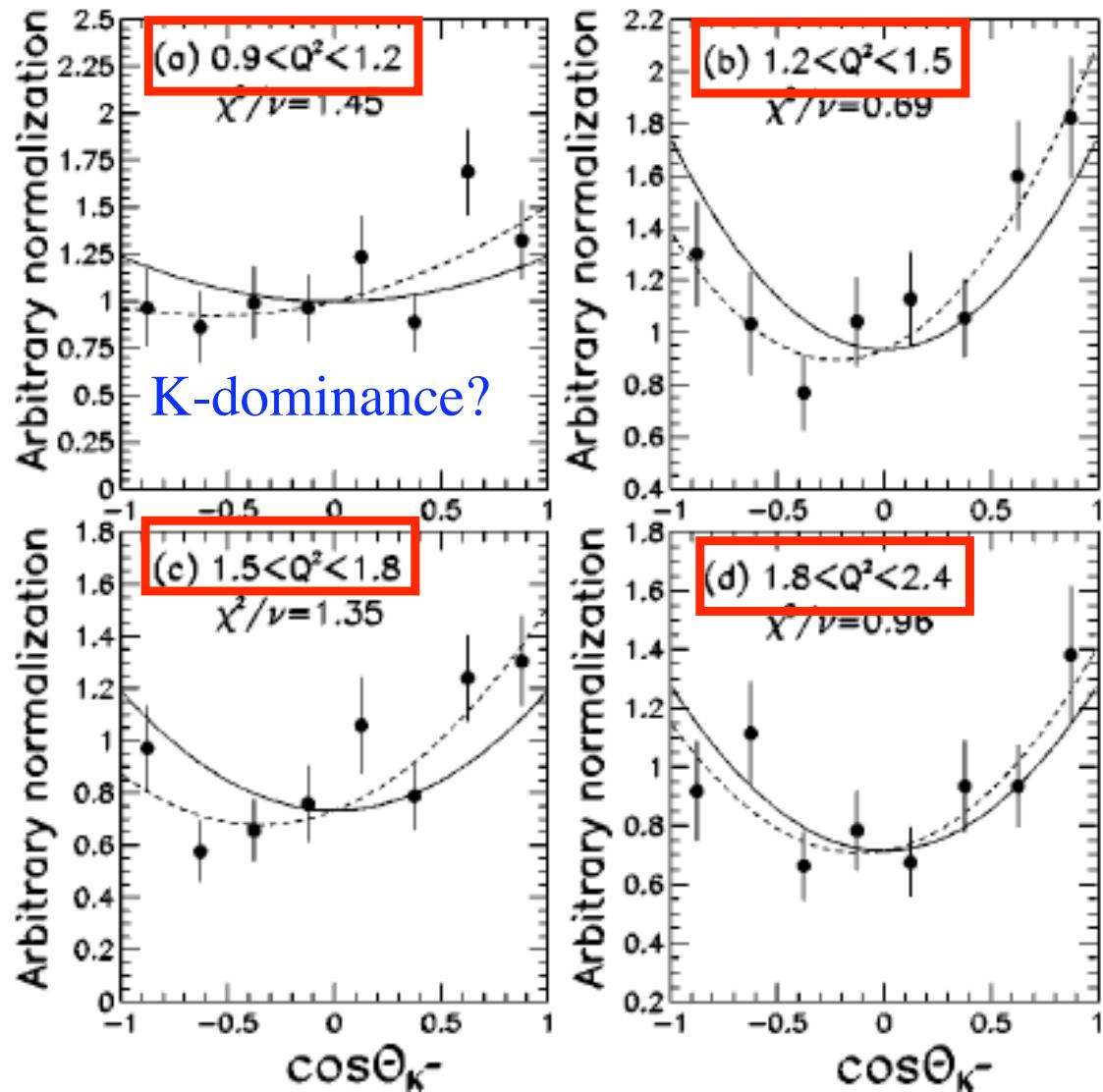
$$\text{If } h(\Lambda^*) = 1/2: \quad \cos^2 \theta + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{If } h(\Lambda^*) = 3/2: \quad \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\text{K-exch:} \quad \cos^2 \theta + \frac{1}{3}$$

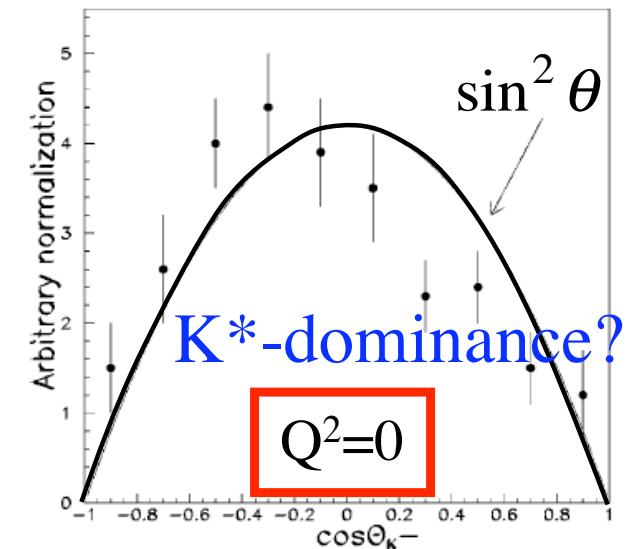
$$\text{K}^*\text{-exch:} \quad \frac{2}{3} \sin^2 \theta + \frac{4}{9}$$

Contact: const

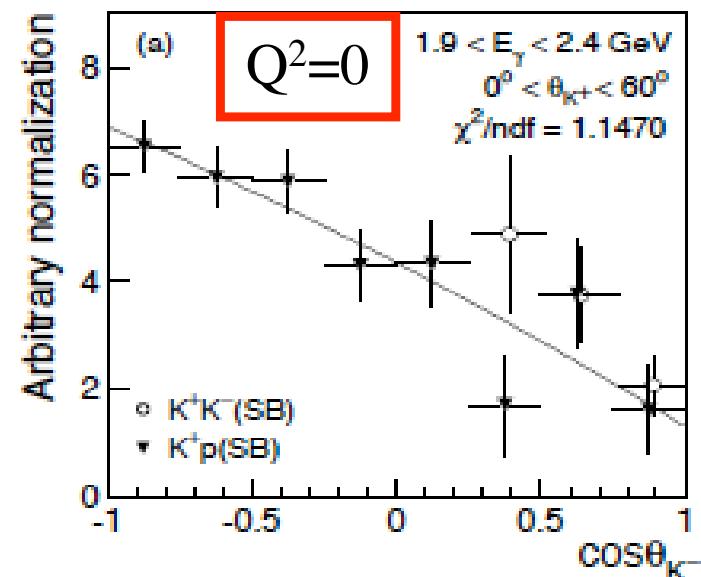


The contact term  
has weak  $\theta$ -dependence

Apr. 19-22, 2018 Beijing

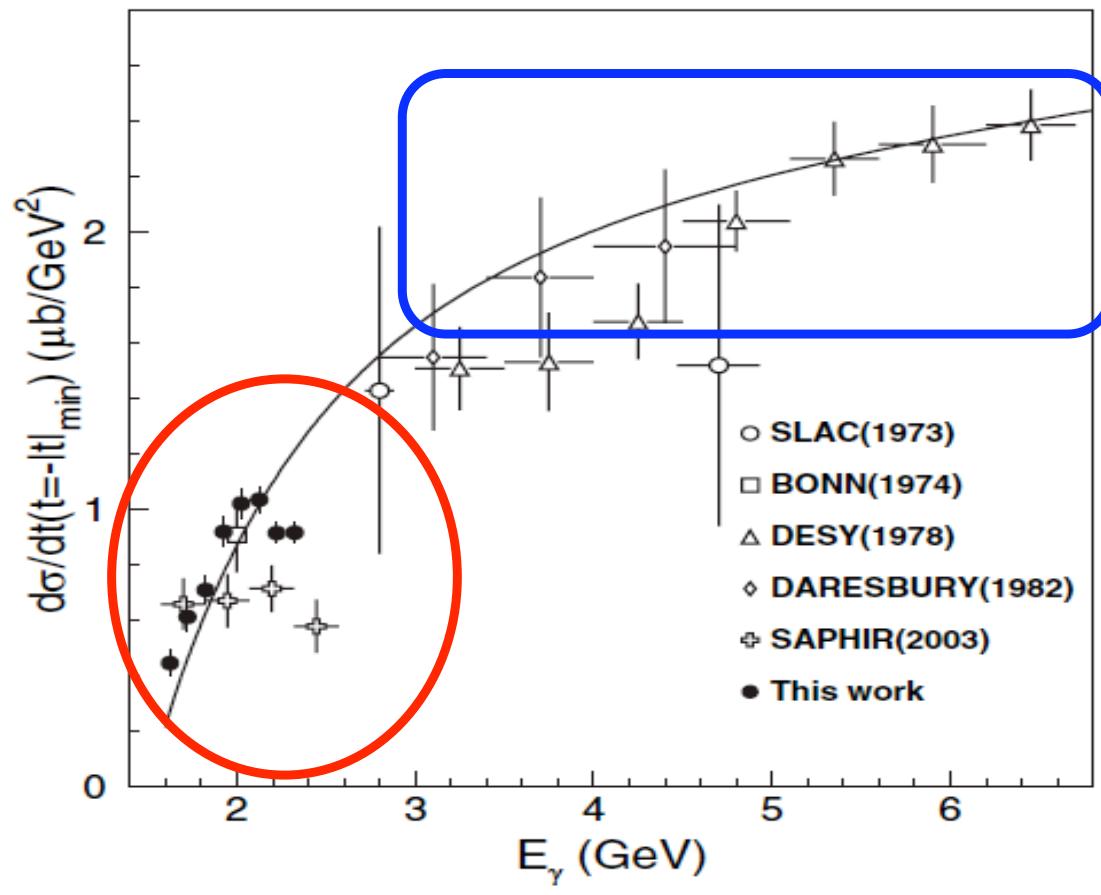


Muramatsu et al  
0904.2034[nucl-ex]



# (4) $\phi$ production

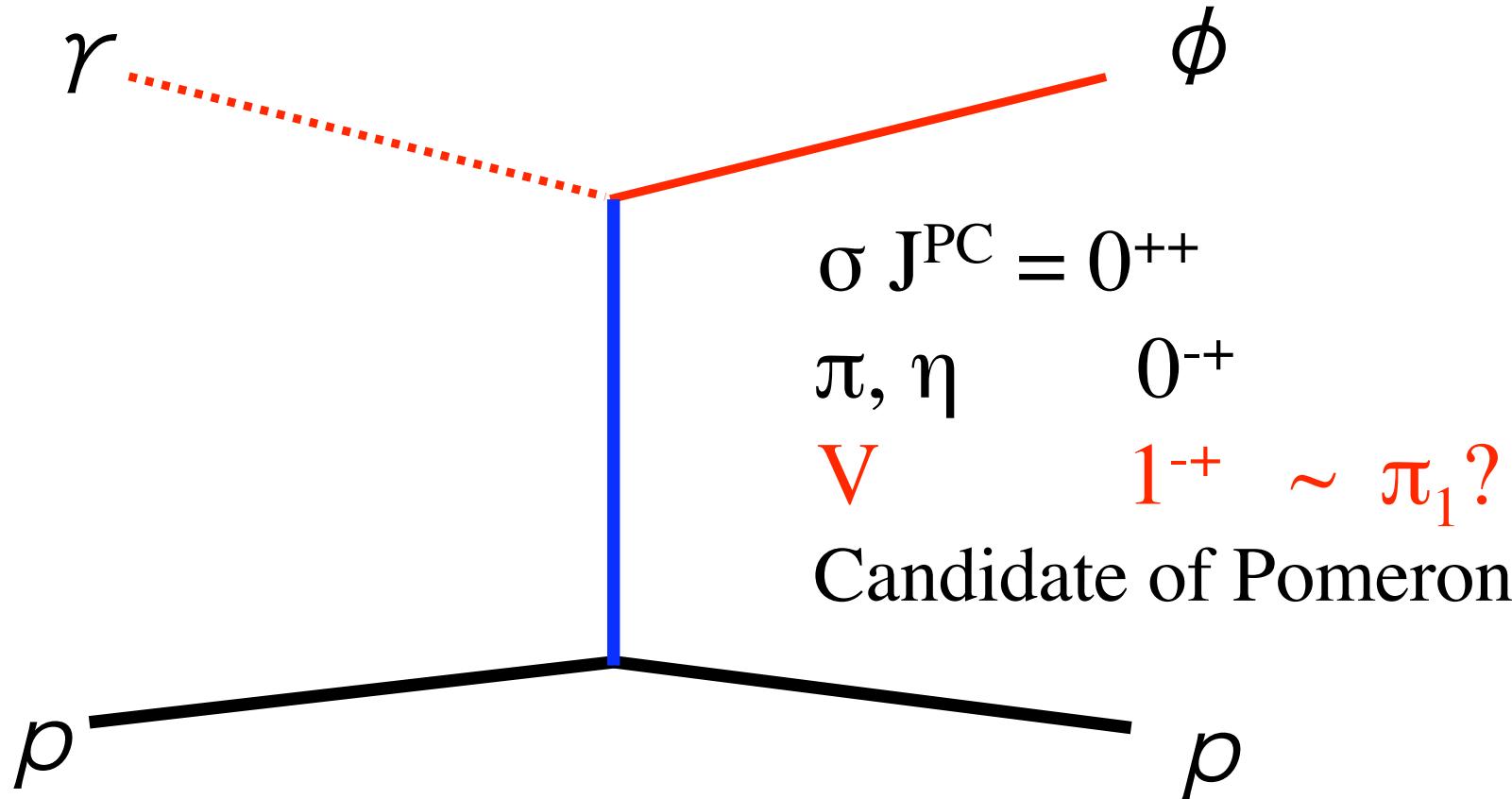
$$\gamma N \rightarrow \phi N$$

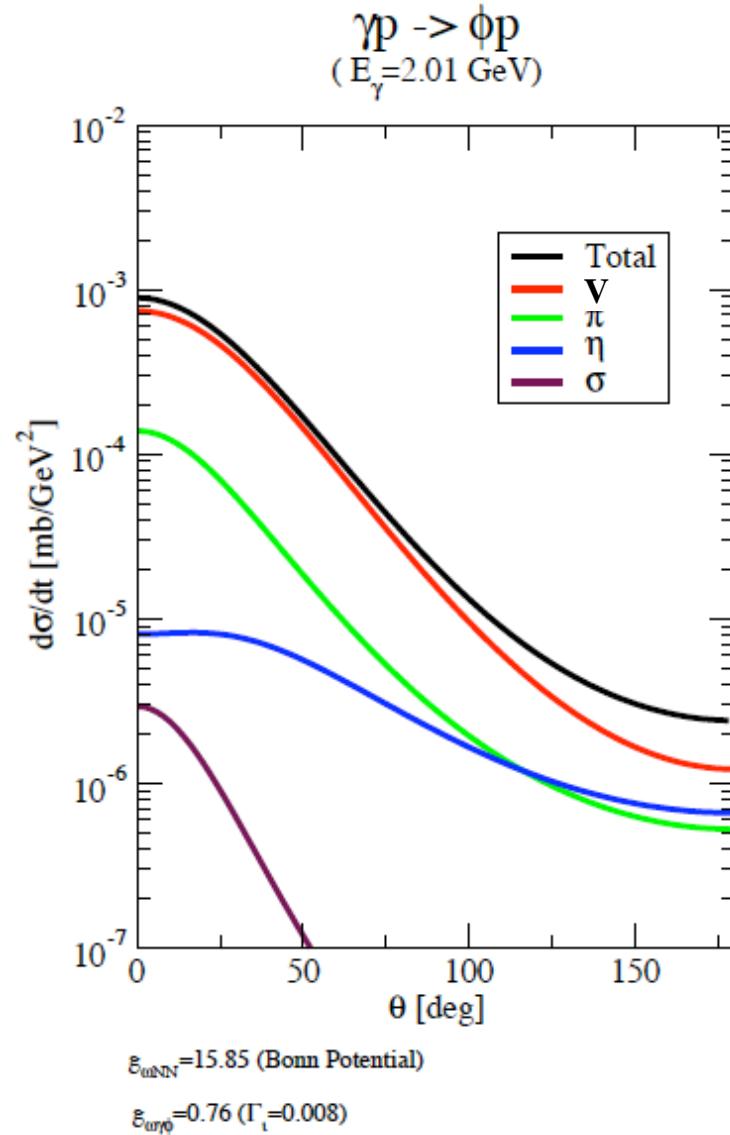
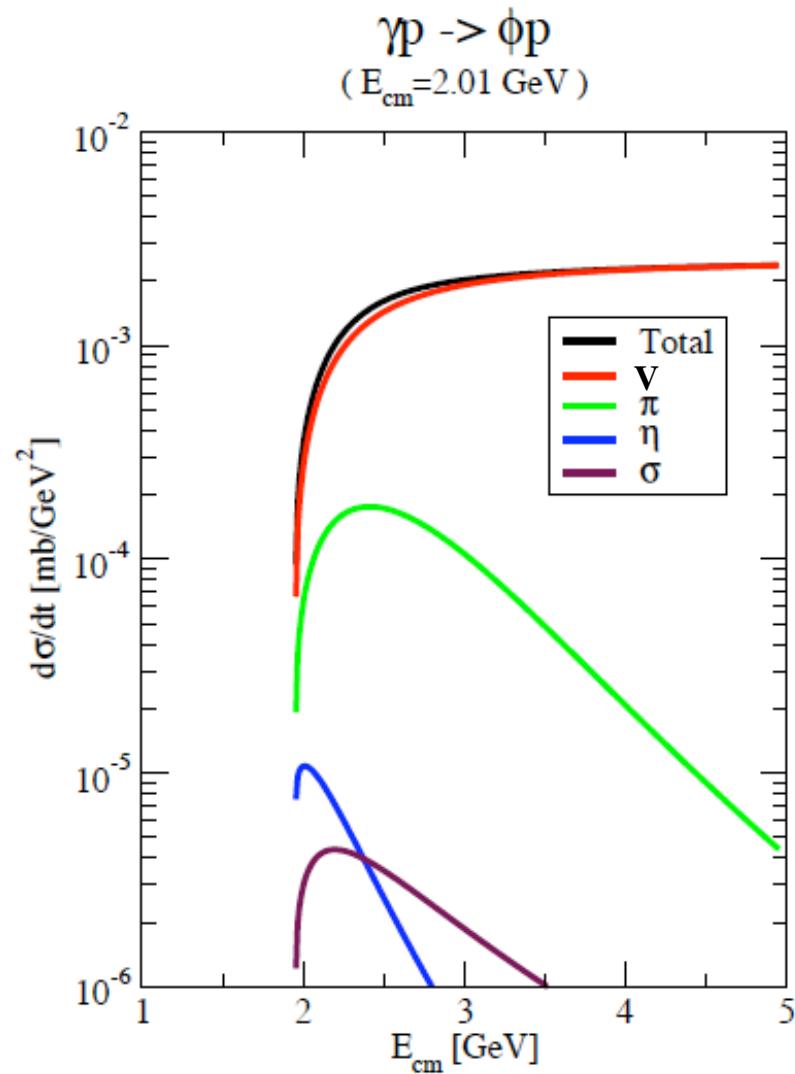


Increase as  $E$   
Bump at 2 GeV  
or  
Dip at 2.2 GeV

Mibe et al  
PRL95,182001  
(2005)

# Increase via meson exchanges

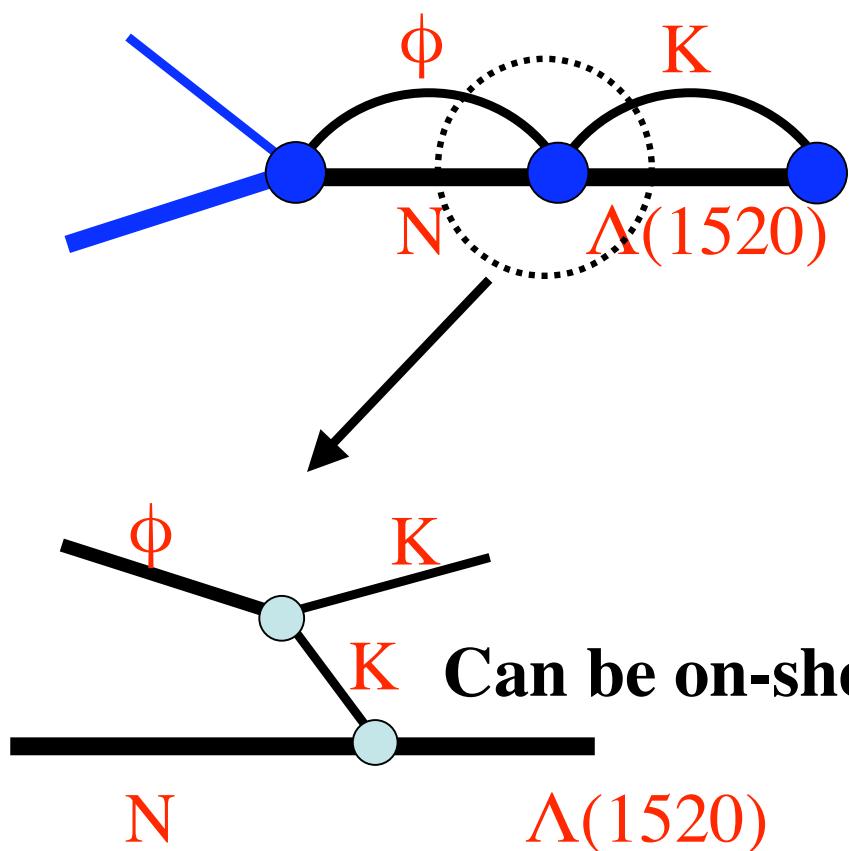




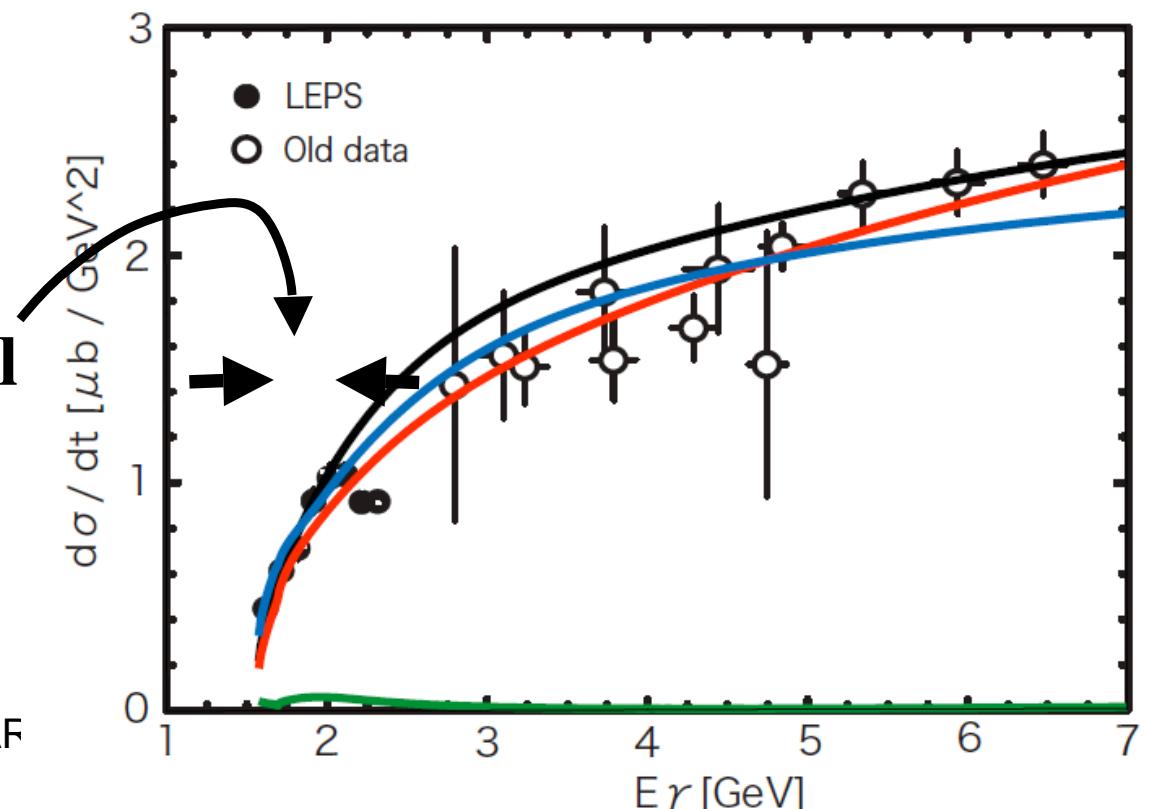
- Increasing as energy is increased
- Forward peak

# Coupled channels for the bump?

$$\gamma N \rightarrow [\phi N, K\Lambda(1520), (K\Lambda, K\Sigma)] \rightarrow \phi N$$

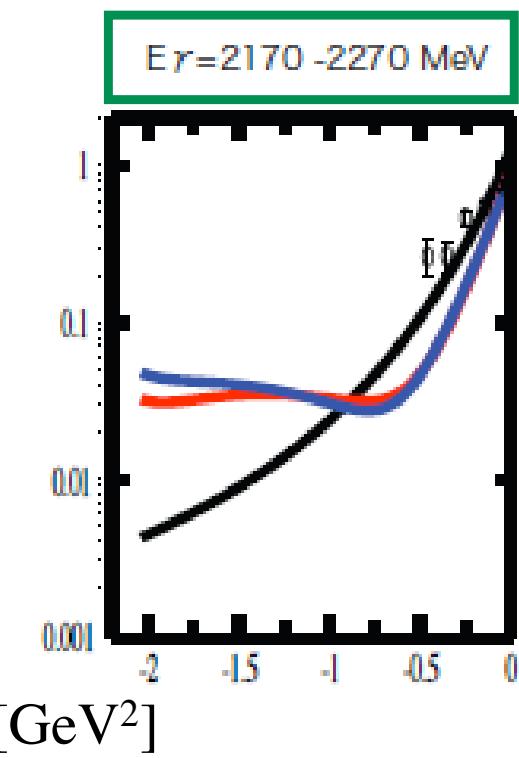
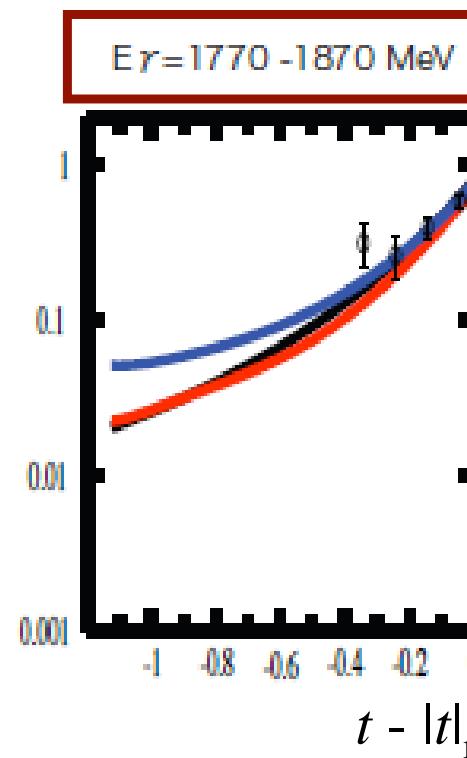
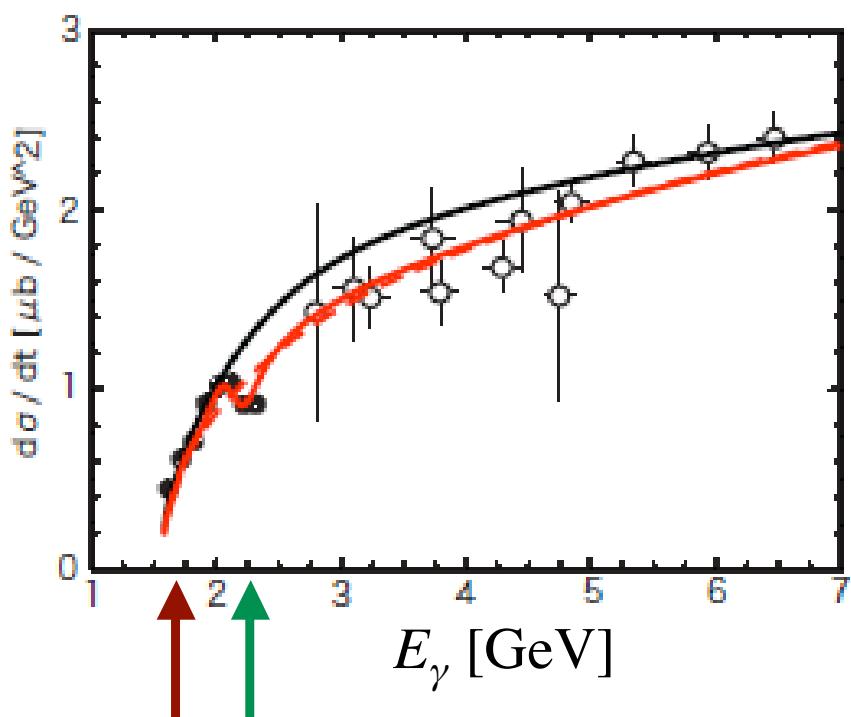
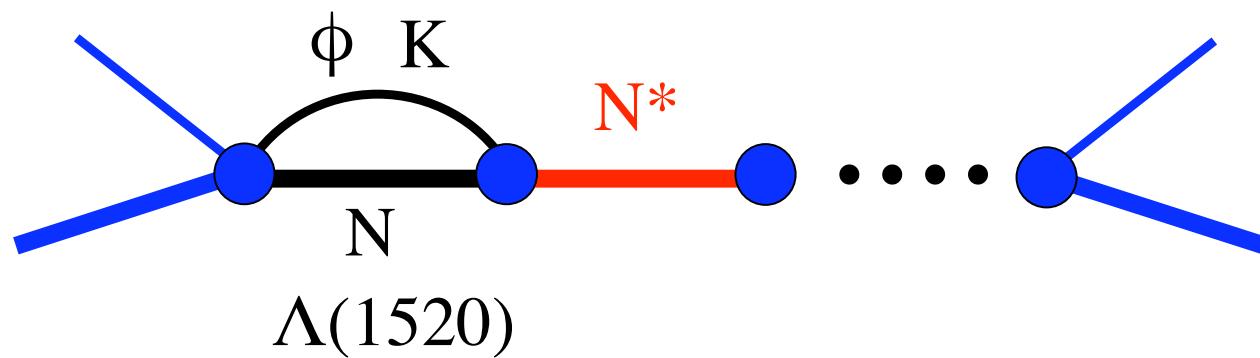


Ozaki-Nagahiro-Hosaka-Scholten



# Resonance?

Titov, Lee, PRC, 065205 (2003)



# 3. Chiral symmetry of baryons

D. Jido, M. Oka, A. Hosaka,  
Prog. Theor. Phys. 106 (2001) 823-834  
Prog. Theor. Phys. 106 (2001) 873-908,  
K. Nagata, A. Hosaka, V. Dmitrasinovic,  
Phys. Rev. Lett. 101: 092001, 2008,  
Eur. Phys. J, C57: 557-567, 2008

*Does it make sense to talk about  
**linear representations** in the broken world?*

Asked by Weinberg, and the probable answer is YES

S. Weinberg, Phys. Rev. Lett. 65, 1177 (1990)

S. Weinberg, Phys. Rev. 177 (1969) 2604

# Chiral representations

$$\pi \sim qq^* \sim (1/2, 1/2) \sim \sigma \quad Q, a_1 \sim (1,0)+(0,1)$$
$$\text{SU}(2) \times \text{SU}(2)$$

*Parity pair*

*What are chiral representations of baryons?*

qqq can accommodate only  $(1/2, 0)+(0, 1/2)$

K. Nagata, A. Hosaka, V. Dmitrasinovic,  
Eur. Phys. J. C57: 557-567, 2008

Complex structure allows any representations  
 $(A, B) + (B, A)$

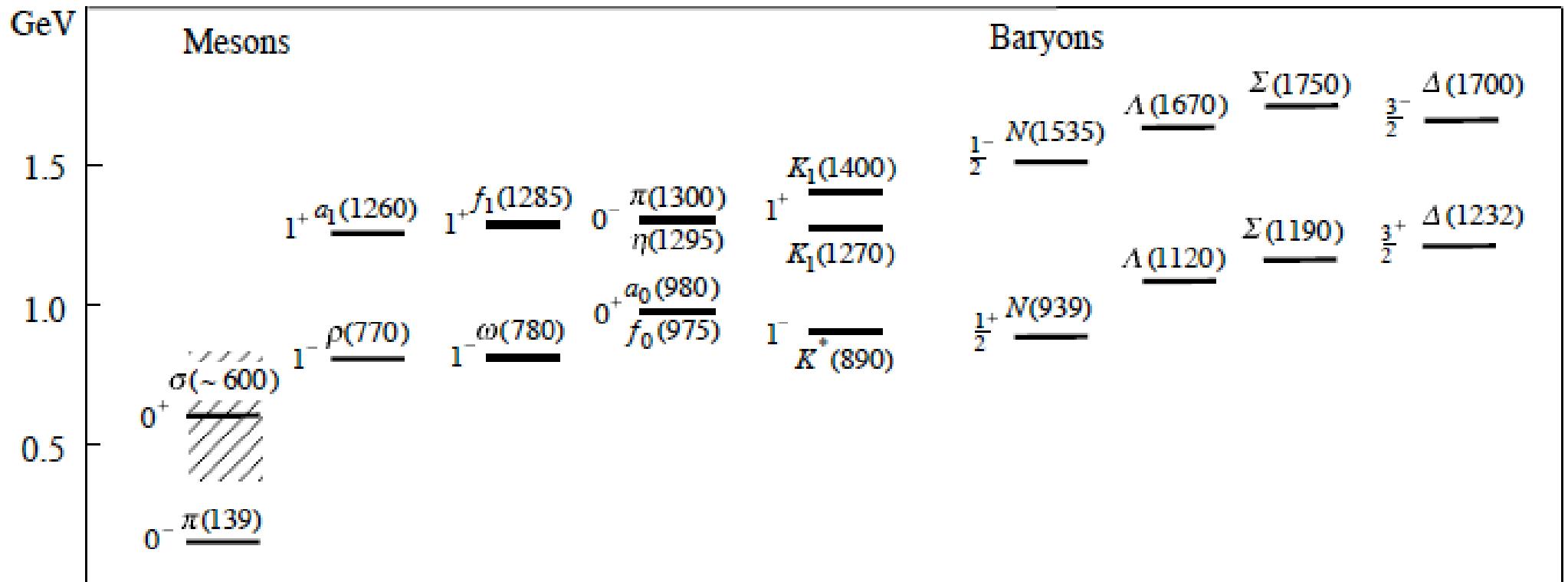


Fig. 1. Mass splittings of positive and negative parity hadrons in various channels. Data are taken from the Particle Data Booklet <sup>11)</sup>. The uncertain mass of sigma ( $\sigma$ ) is hatched.

# Mirror representation

One of the simplest but nontrivial representation

Naive:  $(1/2, 0) + (0, 1/2)$

$$\psi_L + \psi_R$$

*qqq*

$$g_A = +1 \quad g_{\pi BB} = +1$$

# Mirror representation

One of the simplest but nontrivial representation

Naive:  $(1/2, 0) + (0, 1/2)$

$$\psi_L + \psi_R$$

*qqq*

$$g_A = +1 \quad g_{\pi BB} = +1$$

Mirror:  $(0, 1/2) + (1/2, 0)$

$$\psi_L + \psi_R$$

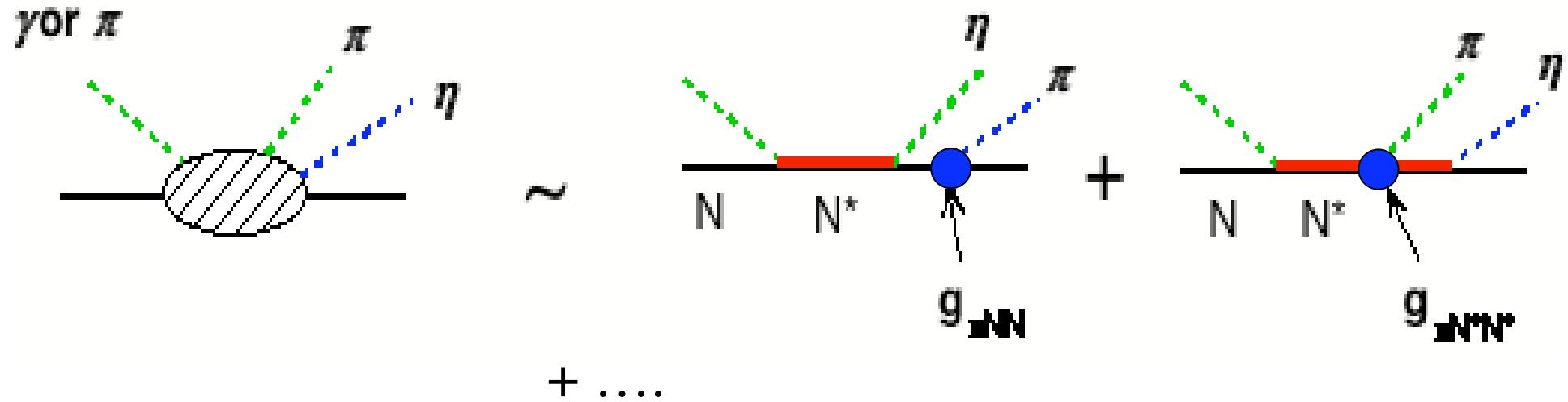
*qqqqq*

$$g_A = -1 \quad g_{\pi BB} = -1$$

**Axial-charge carry information on internal structure**

# Observe the sign of $g_A$

Assume minimal processes with  $N$  and  $N(1535)$

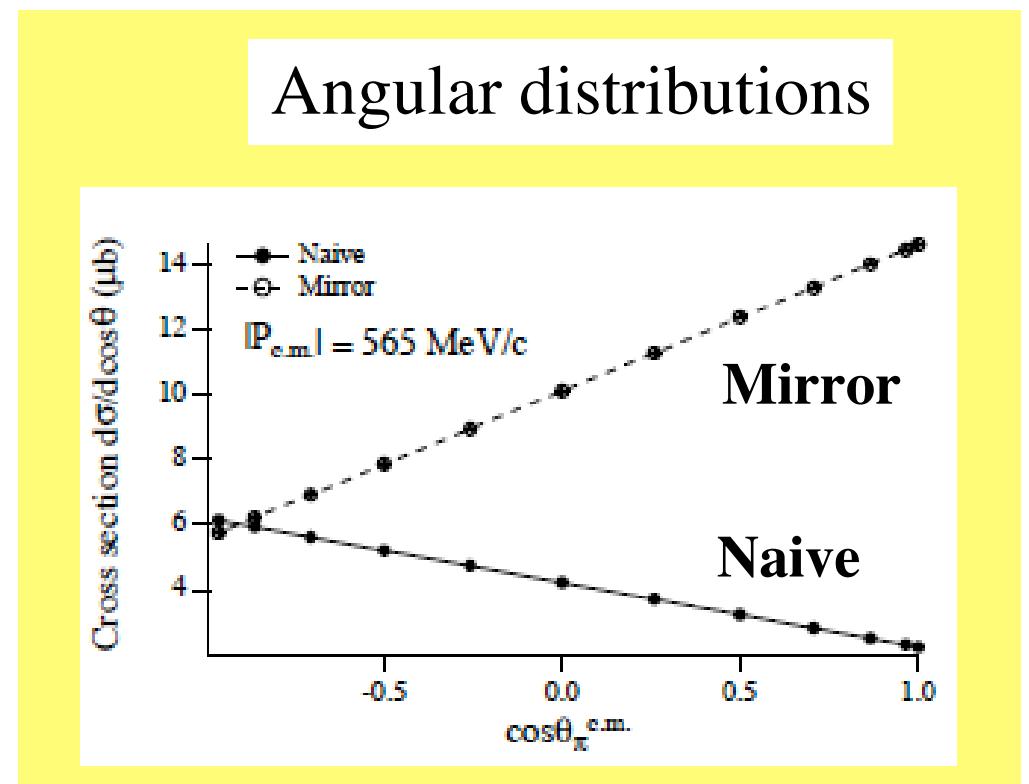
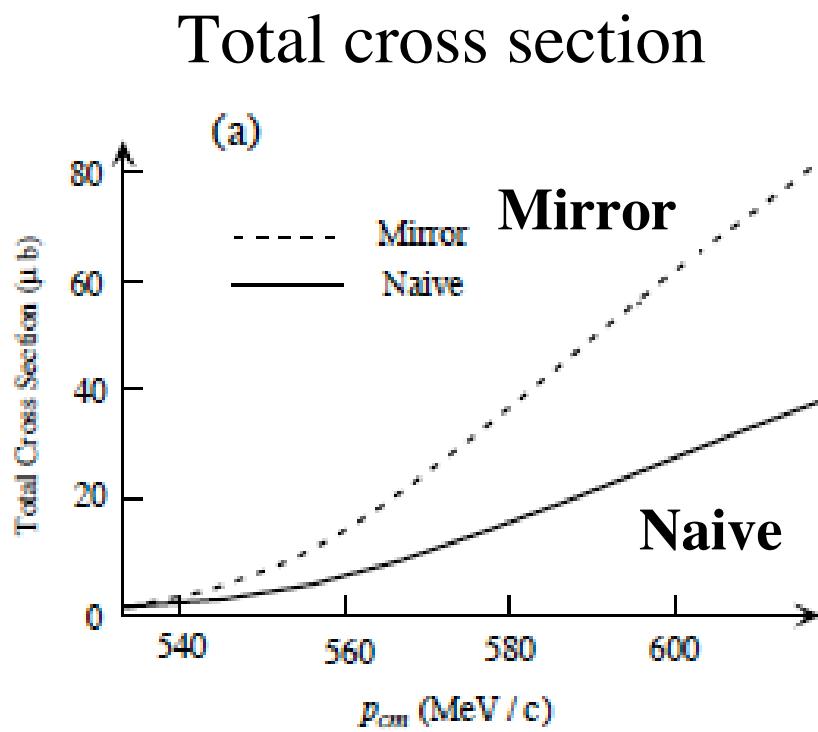


Naive:  $g_{\pi N^* N^*} = g_{\pi NN}$  -> **constructive**

Mirror:  $g_{\pi N^* N^*} = -g_{\pi NN}$  -> **destructive**

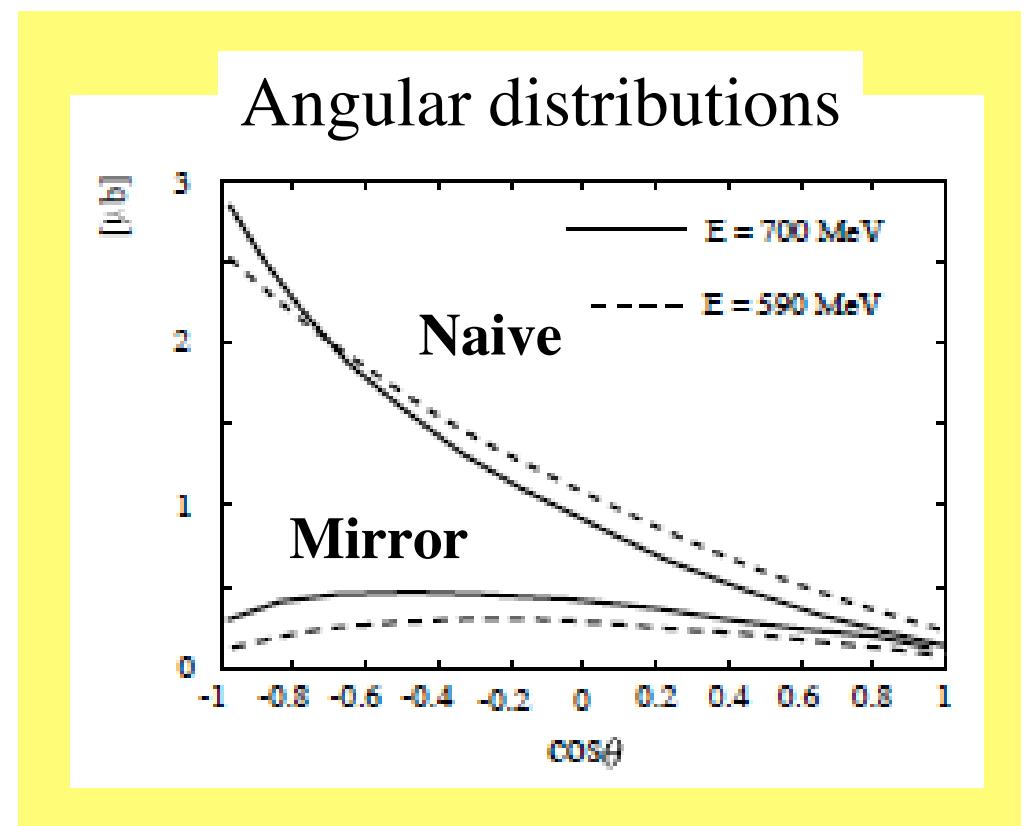
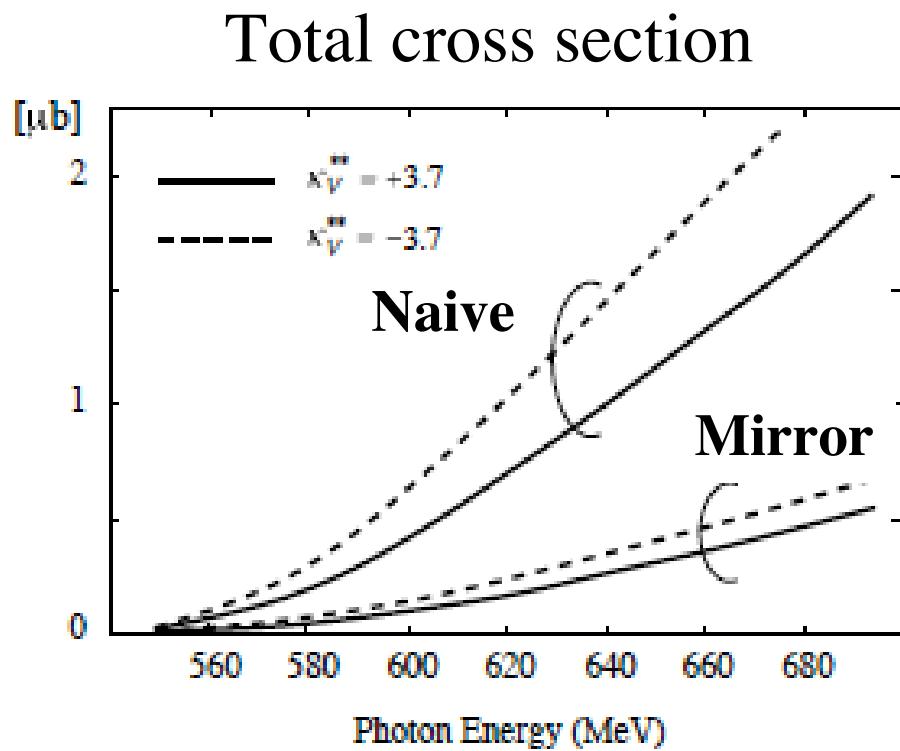
# Pion-induced production

Jido, Oka, Hosaka  
Prog. Theor. Phys. 106, 873, 2001



# Photoproduction

Jido, Oka, Hosaka  
Prog. Theor. Phys. 106, 873, 2001



# Summary

- Exotics may have *correlations*

$q\bar{q}$ ,  $\textcolor{red}{qq}$ ,  $\textcolor{blue}{qq}$   $\textcolor{green}{q}$

Question remains; how are they realized and observed

- Importance of the virtual meson clouds in  $K\Lambda$  prod.
- $\Lambda(1405)$  seems very unusual
- $\Lambda(1520)$  can be explained by standard react. mechanism  
Structure information is in various coupling constants
- Possible explanation of  $\phi$  production:  $N^* \sim 2100$  MeV
- Chiral symmetry repr. can be a measure of structure  
Mirror  $g_A$  is a good signal